

Dictionary For 12th Science 2013 PDF

dictionary for 12th science 2013 serves as an essential resource for students preparing for their higher secondary examinations. Particularly for those studying science in the year 2013, having a comprehensive and reliable dictionary can significantly enhance understanding and retention of complex scientific terminology. This article explores the importance of a specialized dictionary for 12th science students, highlights key features to look for, and provides guidance on how to effectively utilize such a resource to excel in your exams.

Understanding the Importance of a Dictionary for 12th Science 2013

A well-crafted dictionary tailored for 12th science students is more than just a compilation of words; it is an educational tool that bridges the gap between understanding and application. As science involves intricate concepts, precise terminology, and technical language, a dedicated dictionary helps clarify meanings, eliminate confusion, and foster a deeper comprehension of subject matter.

Why Students Need a Specialized Scientific Dictionary

- **Clarity of Concepts:** Scientific terms often have specific definitions that differ from everyday language. A specialized dictionary ensures accurate understanding.
- **Exam Preparation:** Many questions in exams require precise terminology. Familiarity with definitions aids in better answering and scoring higher.
- **Enhancing Vocabulary:** Building a scientific vocabulary helps students articulate concepts more confidently in both written and oral forms.
- **Reference Tool:** A quick reference during studies or practicals saves time and improves learning efficiency.

Features of an Effective Dictionary for 12th Science 2013

Choosing the right dictionary is crucial. Here are some features to consider when selecting a dictionary tailored for the 12th science curriculum of 2013:

1. Comprehensive Content

- Cover all subjects within the science stream?Physics, Chemistry, Biology, and Mathematics.
- Include definitions of key terms, formulas, units, and abbreviations.

2. Up-to-Date and Relevant

- Reflect the syllabus of 2013, including any specific terminology or nomenclature introduced that year.
- Incorporate recent scientific discoveries or terminology relevant to the curriculum.

3. Clear and Concise Definitions

- Use simple language suitable for students.
- Provide explanations that are easy to understand without oversimplifying.

4. Illustrations and Diagrams

- Include relevant diagrams or illustrations for complex concepts, especially in Biology and Physics.

5. Cross-Referencing and Indexing

- Have a user-friendly indexing system.
- Cross-references for related terms to facilitate comprehensive understanding.

6. Additional Features

- Appendices with formulas, periodic table, scientific constants.
- Practice questions or summaries for quick revision.

Popular Dictionaries for 12th Science 2013 Students

While many scientific dictionaries are available in the market, some have become particularly popular among students studying in 2013. These resources are trusted for their accuracy, comprehensiveness, and student-friendly approach.

1. NCERT Science Dictionary

- Specifically aligned with the NCERT curriculum.

- Contains definitions of all key terms from Physics, Chemistry, Biology, and Mathematics.

2. Collins Science Dictionary

- Renowned for detailed explanations and illustrations.
- Suitable for students seeking an in-depth understanding.

3. Oxford Dictionary of Science

- Offers clear definitions and contextual usage.
- Includes recent scientific terminology relevant to the 2013 syllabus.

4. Custom 12th Science Dictionaries

- Many educational publishers released customized dictionaries tailored for the 2013 syllabus, often bundled with textbooks or exam guides.

How to Use a Dictionary Effectively for 12th Science Exams

A dictionary is most beneficial when used strategically. Here are some tips for maximizing its utility:

1. Regular Vocabulary Building

- Dedicate time daily to learn new terms.
- Use flashcards or notes for revision.

2. Clarify Doubts During Study Sessions

- Whenever a new concept or term appears, look it up immediately.
- Understand the context and application of each term.

3. Practice with Past Exam Questions

- Use definitions from the dictionary to answer descriptive questions.
- Reinforce understanding of terminology used in previous year's papers.

4. Integrate Dictionary Use with Textbooks

- Cross-reference textbook explanations with dictionary definitions for clarity.
- Mark and highlight important terms for quick revision.

5. Use Diagrams and Illustrations

- Study diagrams associated with terms to grasp concepts visually.
- Practice drawing labeled diagrams to enhance memory.

Additional Resources Complementing the Dictionary

While a dictionary is invaluable, combining it with other resources can lead to better results:

- **NCERT Textbooks:** The primary source for syllabus and concepts.
- **Sample Question Papers:** Practice applying terminology in exam contexts.
- **Revision Guides and Notes:** Summarize definitions and key points for quick revision.
- **Online Educational Platforms:** Interactive quizzes and videos to reinforce vocabulary.

Conclusion

In summary, a well-curated dictionary for 12th science 2013 is a vital tool that supports students' academic success by providing clear, accurate, and relevant scientific terminology. By choosing the right resource and employing effective study strategies, students can deepen their understanding, improve their vocabulary, and perform confidently in their examinations. Remember, mastering scientific language not only helps in exams but also lays a strong foundation for future studies in science and technology fields.

Whether you are revising concepts, preparing for competitive exams, or simply aiming to excel in your class, integrating a dedicated scientific dictionary into your study routine can be a game-changer. Embrace this resource, stay curious, and let your vocabulary grow alongside your scientific knowledge.

Dictionary for 12th Science 2013: An Essential Companion for Aspiring Scientists

A comprehensive and reliable dictionary for 12th Science 2013 serves as an indispensable resource for students aiming to excel in their science examinations and deepen their understanding of complex scientific terminology. In the realm of science education, clarity and precision in terminology

are paramount. This dictionary not only provides accurate definitions but also helps students develop a scientific vocabulary that is crucial for understanding concepts, solving problems, and communicating ideas effectively. As educational syllabi evolve, having a dedicated scientific dictionary tailored for the 2013 curriculum ensures that students are equipped with the right tools to navigate the subject matter confidently.

Overview of the Dictionary for 12th Science 2013

The Dictionary for 12th Science 2013 is tailored specifically for students preparing for their higher secondary exams, aligning closely with the NCERT syllabus and other prevalent curricula of that period. This resource consolidates a wide range of scientific terms across physics, chemistry, biology, and environmental science, making it a one-stop reference guide.

The dictionary's primary goal is to clarify complex terminology, provide concise explanations, and include illustrative examples where necessary. It is structured to facilitate quick reference, making it suitable for revision and exam preparation. Its focus on the 2013 syllabus ensures that the terminology and explanations are relevant to the exam patterns and question types students faced during that academic year.

Features and Content Breakdown

Comprehensive Coverage of Scientific Terms

The dictionary covers a broad spectrum of terms across multiple scientific disciplines:

- Physics: Concepts related to mechanics, thermodynamics, electromagnetism, optics, and modern physics.
- Chemistry: Organic and inorganic chemistry terminology, periodic table terms, chemical reactions, and laboratory apparatus.
- Biology: Terms from genetics, ecology, human physiology, plant physiology, and biotechnology.
- Environmental Science: Key environmental issues, conservation terms, and ecological terminology.

This extensive coverage ensures students have access to definitions relevant to their syllabus, supporting both textbook learning and exam questions.

Alignment with the 2013 Syllabus

One of the standout features of this dictionary is its alignment with the 2013 curriculum, which included specific emphasis on certain topics and terminology. The definitions reflect the language

used in textbooks and question papers of that year, aiding students in understanding and recalling concepts more effectively.

Clear and Concise Definitions

The dictionary emphasizes brevity and clarity, avoiding unnecessary jargon while ensuring that essential details are included. Definitions are formulated to be student-friendly, often accompanied by diagrams or examples to facilitate comprehension.

Illustrations and Diagrams

Where necessary, the dictionary incorporates simple diagrams to explain complex concepts such as atomic structure, biological processes, or physical phenomena. Visual aids significantly enhance understanding, especially for visual learners.

Additional Features

- Glossary of Formulas and Units: Quick reference for important scientific formulas and SI units.
- Important Exam Terms: Highlights key terms frequently appearing in exams, along with their explanations.
- Practice Questions and Examples: Some editions include sample questions or common misconceptions related to terms.

Advantages of Using the Dictionary for 12th Science 2013

- Exam-Oriented Content: Tailored definitions help students focus on the terms most relevant for their exams.
- Ease of Revision: Compact and easy-to-carry, facilitating quick revision before exams.
- Enhanced Understanding: Clear explanations aid in grasping difficult concepts, reducing confusion.
- Building Scientific Vocabulary: Helps in developing a strong foundation in scientific language, beneficial for higher studies.
- Support for Teachers and Parents: A reliable reference tool for guiding students and clarifying doubts.

Limitations and Areas for Improvement

While the dictionary is a valuable resource, there are some limitations:

- Lack of Depth: Definitions are concise, which may not suffice for advanced understanding or research-level inquiries.
- Limited Interactivity: No digital or interactive features; purely a print resource.
- Periodic Updates Needed: Science is an evolving field; editions based on 2013 curriculum may become outdated as new discoveries and terminologies emerge.
- Coverage Gaps: Rare or emerging terms might be missing or underexplained, especially in rapidly advancing fields like biotechnology or nanotechnology.

Comparison with Other Resources

Unlike general scientific dictionaries or encyclopedic references, the Dictionary for 12th Science 2013 is specifically designed for students at the higher secondary level. Compared to online resources, it offers the advantage of offline accessibility and curated content aligned with the syllabus. However, online platforms may provide more extensive explanations, multimedia content, and updates.

Practical Usage and Study Tips

To maximize the benefits of this dictionary:

- Use as a First Reference: When encountering unfamiliar terms in textbooks or during revision, consult the dictionary for quick clarification.
- Create Flashcards: Extract key definitions to create flashcards for active recall.
- Integrate with Notes: Use definitions to enhance your own notes, making them more comprehensive.
- Revise Regularly: Frequent revision of terms solidifies understanding and aids memory retention.
- Combine with Practice: Use the dictionary along with solving past exam papers to contextualize terms within questions.

Conclusion

The Dictionary for 12th Science 2013 stands out as a focused, student-friendly resource that bridges the gap between textbook explanations and exam requirements. Its targeted content, clarity, and alignment with the curriculum make it an essential tool for students aiming to master scientific terminology, improve their conceptual clarity, and perform well in their exams. While it may have some limitations in depth and interactivity, its strengths in providing quick, reliable definitions tailored for the 12th science students of 2013 make it a worthwhile addition to any student's study arsenal. For those preparing to enter higher education or scientific fields, developing a strong foundational vocabulary through this dictionary can serve as a stepping stone toward future academic success.

and scientific literacy.

Question What are the key features of the 'Dictionary for 12th Science 2013'? The dictionary includes scientific terminology, definitions, formulas, and diagrams relevant to 12th-grade science syllabus, making complex concepts easier to understand for students. Is the 'Dictionary for 12th Science 2013' suitable for board exam preparation? Yes, it is designed to align with the 12th science curriculum of 2013, providing students with concise and accurate definitions to aid in exam preparation. Does this dictionary cover topics from Physics, Chemistry, and Biology? Yes, it covers key terms and concepts from all three subjects? Physics, Chemistry, and Biology? relevant to the 12th-grade syllabus of 2013. Are there any updated editions after 2013 for the same dictionary? Yes, newer editions may be available that include updated terminology and concepts, but the 2013 edition remains useful for students following that curriculum. Can the 'Dictionary for 12th Science 2013' help in improving vocabulary? Absolutely, it introduces scientific vocabulary and technical terms, enhancing students' understanding and usage of scientific language. Is this dictionary available in digital format? Some versions of the 'Dictionary for 12th Science 2013' are available as e-books or PDFs online, making it accessible for digital learners. How comprehensive is the 'Dictionary for 12th Science 2013' for self-study? It is quite comprehensive for 12th-grade level, providing clear definitions and explanations to support self-study and revision. Can this dictionary be used as a reference for project work? Yes, it can serve as a reliable reference to understand scientific terms and concepts needed for projects and assignments. Does the dictionary include diagrams and illustrations? Some editions include diagrams and illustrations to better explain complex scientific concepts and processes. Where can I purchase or access the 'Dictionary for 12th Science 2013'? It can be purchased from bookstores, online educational stores, or accessed through school or library resources specializing in 12th-grade science materials.

Related keywords: 12th science dictionary, CBSE 12th science glossary, 12th science terminology 2013, science reference book 12th standard, 12th science vocabulary 2013, NCERT science dictionary, 12th physics chemistry biology glossary, 2013 science terms for class 12, science key concepts 12th grade, 12th science study guide 2013

Isaac Asimov Great Science Writers

Isaac Asimov Great Science Writers: A Legacy of Scientific Literacy and Imagination

Isaac Asimov is widely recognized as one of the most influential and prolific science writers of the 20th century. His contributions to popular science, science fiction, and education have left an indelible mark on both the scientific community and the general public. As a towering figure among great science writers, Asimov's ability to communicate complex scientific ideas with clarity,

enthusiasm, and wit has inspired countless readers and shaped public understanding of science. This article explores the life, works, and enduring legacy of Isaac Asimov as a great science writer, highlighting his influence on science communication and his contributions to science literature.

Early Life and Background

Born on January 2, 1920, in Petrovichi, Russia, Isaac Asimov emigrated with his family to the United States at a young age. Settling in Brooklyn, New York, Asimov developed an early fascination with reading and learning. His passion for science and literature grew rapidly, leading him to pursue biochemistry at Columbia University, where he earned his Ph.D. in 1948. This scientific background provided the foundation for his later writings, allowing him to interpret and communicate scientific principles with authority and insight.

Isaac Asimov as a Great Science Writer

Bridging Science and the Public

One of Asimov's greatest strengths was his ability to bridge the gap between complex scientific research and everyday understanding. He believed that science should be accessible and enjoyable, and he dedicated much of his career to making science comprehensible to the general public. His writing style combined clarity with enthusiasm, often infusing humor and storytelling to captivate readers.

Prolific Output and Range of Topics

Isaac Asimov authored over 500 books and numerous essays, covering a vast array of subjects beyond science, including history, religion, literature, and philosophy. His extensive bibliography demonstrates his versatility and commitment to education. Among his most notable works are science books such as *The Intelligent Man's Guide to Science*, *Asimov's New Guide to Science*, and *Understanding Physics*.

Key Qualities of Asimov's Science Writing

- **Clarity:** Simplifying complex ideas without losing essential details.
- **Engagement:** Using storytelling, anecdotes, and humor to draw readers in.
- **Accuracy:** Maintaining scientific integrity and rigor in explanations.
- **Inspiration:** Encouraging curiosity and critical thinking about science.

Major Works and Contributions

Popular Science Books

Isaac Asimov's popular science books are considered classics in science communication. Some of his most influential titles include:

- **The Intelligent Man's Guide to Science (1960)**: An extensive overview of scientific principles and discoveries, designed for the layperson.
- **Asimov's New Guide to Science (1984)**: An updated, comprehensive survey of scientific knowledge spanning physics, chemistry, biology, and astronomy.
- **Understanding Physics (1966)**: An accessible introduction to the fundamental principles of physics, written in a clear and engaging style.
- **Understanding Chemistry (1977)**: Simplifies complex chemical concepts for general readers.

Science Fiction and Its Role in Science Communication

While best known for his science fiction, Asimov's stories often reflected his scientific knowledge and curiosity. His Foundation series and Robot series not only entertained but also explored themes like robotics, artificial intelligence, and societal evolution?topics that continue to be relevant today. His fiction served as a vehicle to stimulate interest in science and technology among readers worldwide.

Educational and Reference Works

In addition to books for general audiences, Asimov authored textbooks and reference materials used in academic settings. His clear explanations and systematic approach have made his works valuable educational resources.

Impact and Legacy

Influence on Science Communication

Isaac Asimov revolutionized the way science is communicated. His ability to translate scientific jargon into engaging narratives inspired future generations of science writers, educators, and communicators. His works helped foster scientific literacy and skepticism, encouraging society to value evidence-based reasoning.

Inspiration for Future Writers

Many contemporary science writers cite Asimov as a primary influence. His success demonstrated that scientific topics could be made accessible and fascinating, paving the way for authors like Carl

Sagan, Stephen Jay Gould, and Bill Bryson.

Recognition and Honors

Throughout his life, Asimov received numerous awards, including the Hugo, Nebula, and Bram Stoker Awards, as well as the Presidential Award for Science Writing. His prolific output and dedication to education have cemented his reputation as a great science writer.

Why Isaac Asimov Remains a Model for Science Writers Today

- **Passion for Science:** His genuine curiosity and enthusiasm are contagious.
- **Clarity of Explanation:** His ability to break down complex ideas remains a benchmark.
- **Versatility:** His writings span many disciplines, demonstrating the interconnectedness of knowledge.
- **Humor and Storytelling:** Making learning enjoyable and memorable.

Conclusion

Isaac Asimov's legacy as a great science writer endures because of his exceptional talent for communicating science in a way that is accessible, engaging, and inspiring. His works continue to educate and entertain, fostering curiosity and understanding about the universe we live in. As we look to the future of science communication, Asimov's example serves as a reminder that effective storytelling, clarity, and passion are essential tools for making science accessible to all. His contributions have not only shaped scientific literacy but also ignited the imaginations of countless readers, ensuring his place among the greatest science writers of all time.

Isaac Asimov: Great Science Writers and the Legacy of a Scientific Luminary

When contemplating the pantheon of science writers who have profoundly influenced both scientific literacy and popular understanding of complex concepts, Isaac Asimov stands out as a towering figure. His prolific output, clarity of explanation, and ability to intertwine scientific rigor with engaging storytelling cement his place among the greatest science writers of all time. Asimov's work not only demystified the intricacies of science but also inspired countless individuals to pursue scientific inquiry, making him an enduring figure in both literature and science communication.

Early Life and Intellectual Foundations

Understanding Asimov's contributions begins with an appreciation of his background. Born in 1920 in Russia and emigrating to the United States as a child, Asimov grew up in Brooklyn, New York. His early fascination with science and reading, fostered by a childhood immersed in science fiction

magazines and books, laid the groundwork for his later pursuits. Self-educated through voracious reading, he developed a broad knowledge base that would underpin his extensive writing career.

His academic pursuits culminated in a Ph.D. in biochemistry from Columbia University. This scientific training provided him with a solid foundation in the scientific method, critical thinking, and the ability to communicate complex ideas with precision and clarity—traits that defined his writing style.

Asimov's Approach to Science Communication

Clarity and Accessibility

One of Asimov's defining characteristics as a science writer was his unparalleled ability to explain complex scientific concepts in simple, accessible language. Unlike technical journals or dense textbooks, his writings aimed to reach the general reader without sacrificing accuracy. This approach made science appealing and comprehensible, fostering curiosity among a broad audience.

He believed that science literacy was crucial for an informed society and dedicated much of his career to this cause. His explanations often employed analogies, step-by-step logical progression, and engaging narratives that bridged the gap between specialists and laypeople.

Scientific Accuracy and Rigor

While striving for accessibility, Asimov maintained rigorous scientific accuracy. His background in biochemistry and extensive research ensured that his writings reflected the current state of scientific knowledge. He was meticulous in citing sources and grounding his explanations in established science, which earned him respect from both scientists and readers.

Engagement Through Storytelling

Asimov's talent extended beyond mere explanation; he was a master storyteller. His use of anecdotes, historical context, and hypothetical scenarios made his science writing lively and memorable. This narrative style not only clarified concepts but also kept readers engaged, turning abstract ideas into compelling stories.

Major Works and Contributions

Popular Science Books

Asimov authored numerous books aimed at general audiences, making science approachable and

enjoyable. Some of his most notable titles include:

- "The Intelligent Man's Guide to Science" (1960): A comprehensive overview of scientific principles, history, and developments, serving as a foundational text for general science enthusiasts.
- "Asimov's New Guide to Science" (1984): An updated and expanded version that covers advancements in physics, biology, astronomy, and more.
- "The Universe: From Flat Earth to Quasar" (1966): An accessible exploration of astronomy and cosmology, illustrating the evolution of our understanding of the universe.

These works exemplify his ability to synthesize vast amounts of scientific knowledge into coherent narratives that educate and inspire.

Science Fiction and Its Influence

While primarily celebrated as a science communicator, Asimov's science fiction writing also contributed heavily to his status as a great science writer. His stories, especially the "Foundation" series and "Robot" series, explored themes of robotics, artificial intelligence, and societal evolution. These narratives not only entertained but also prompted philosophical and scientific debates about the future of technology.

His fiction often incorporated scientific principles, making complex ideas about robotics, ethics, and space exploration accessible and thought-provoking. This blending of storytelling with scientific speculation enhanced public interest in science and technology.

Histories and Essays

Asimov's essays and historical writings further showcase his depth as a science communicator. His series of essays covered topics like the history of science, mathematics, and medicine, highlighting the human stories behind scientific discoveries. His historical analyses, such as "The Human Brain," provided insights into how scientific understanding has evolved over centuries.

Impact and Legacy in Science Communication

Influence on Public Understanding of Science

Asimov's writings significantly contributed to the democratization of scientific knowledge. His ability to translate complex ideas into engaging narratives helped demystify science for millions. Many readers credit him with sparking their interest in science, leading some to pursue careers in the field.

His books have remained in print for decades, testament to their enduring relevance and popularity.

Educational institutions often cite his works as supplementary materials for teaching science concepts.

Mentorship and Inspiration

Beyond his writings, Asimov served as a mentor and role model for aspiring science writers. His prolific output demonstrated that scientific communication could be both intellectually rigorous and widely accessible. He set a standard for clarity, enthusiasm, and integrity in science writing.

Recognition and Honors

Throughout his career, Asimov received numerous awards, including the Hugo, Nebula, and Bram Stoker Awards for his fiction, as well as accolades recognizing his contributions to science education and literature. His influence extends beyond the literary realm into science policy and education.

Critical Evaluation of Asimov's Style and Methodology

Strengths

- Clarity and Simplicity: His straightforward language made science understandable.
- Breadth of Knowledge: His multidisciplinary background allowed him to cover diverse scientific fields.
- Engagement: His storytelling kept readers invested in scientific concepts.
- Humility and Honesty: He acknowledged the limits of current knowledge and avoided sensationalism.

Limitations and Criticisms

- Some critics argue that Asimov's explanations, while clear, occasionally oversimplified nuanced scientific debates.
- His focus on established science sometimes limited his exploration of speculative or controversial ideas.
- Asimov's style, while accessible, was sometimes viewed as dry or lacking in emotional depth compared to other writers.

Despite these criticisms, his overall contribution remains monumental, and his impact on science communication is undeniable.

Conclusion: The Enduring Legacy of Isaac Asimov as a Great Science

Writer

Isaac Asimov's towering legacy as a great science writer stems from his unparalleled ability to communicate scientific ideas with clarity, enthusiasm, and integrity. His writings have educated generations, inspired scientific curiosity, and bridged the gap between the scientific community and the public. Asimov demonstrated that science is not solely the domain of specialists but a vital part of human culture and understanding.

In an era where misinformation can spread rapidly, Asimov's model of clear, honest, and engaging science communication remains a guiding light. His work not only enriched our knowledge of the universe but also exemplified the importance of science literacy in building a better, more informed society. As science continues to advance at an unprecedented pace, the influence of Isaac Asimov as a pioneer of science writing endures, inspiring new generations to explore, question, and understand the world through the lens of science.

Question Who was Isaac Asimov and why is he considered a great science writer? Isaac Asimov was a prolific American science fiction writer and biochemist known for his clear, engaging writing style and influential works that popularized science concepts. His ability to explain complex ideas to the general public has cemented his reputation as a great science communicator. What are some of Isaac Asimov's most famous science books? Some of Isaac Asimov's most famous science books include 'The Intelligent Man's Guide to Science,' 'Asimov's New Guide to Science,' and his numerous essays and popular science articles that cover a wide range of scientific topics. How did Isaac Asimov influence science education and popular science writing? Isaac Asimov revolutionized science education by making complex scientific ideas accessible and engaging to a broad audience through his clear explanations, humor, and storytelling, inspiring countless readers and aspiring scientists. What distinguishes Isaac Asimov's science writing from other science writers? Asimov's writing is distinguished by its clarity, logical structure, and ability to simplify complex topics without sacrificing accuracy, making science approachable and enjoyable for readers of all backgrounds. In what ways did Isaac Asimov contribute to science fiction and science fact? While renowned for his science fiction, Asimov also contributed significantly to science fact through his essays, books, and articles that explained real scientific principles, bridging the gap between science fiction imagination and scientific reality. What awards and recognitions did Isaac Asimov receive for his science writing? Isaac Asimov received numerous awards including the Hugo, Nebula, and Bram Stoker Awards, as well as the Presidential Award for Excellence in Science and Engineering Communication, recognizing his outstanding contributions to science literature. Why is Isaac Asimov still relevant in the field of science writing today? Asimov's ability to communicate science clearly and engagingly remains influential, inspiring modern science writers and educators, and his works continue to serve as foundational texts for science enthusiasts and students worldwide.

Related keywords: Isaac Asimov, science fiction, science writer, futurism, robotics, astrophysics, popular science, science literature, science essays, visionary authors

Read the full article online: [ISAAC ASIMOV GREAT SCIENCE WRITERS](#)